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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. |
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| 09/467,413 | 12/17/99 | GABIZON | A 5325-0161.30 |

HM12/1109

EXAMINER

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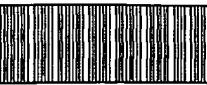
KISHORE, G

| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
|----------|--------------|
| 1615 | 9 |

DATE MAILED: 11/09/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

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|--|---|--------------------------------|---|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. 09/467,413 | Applicant(s) Gabizon | |
| | Examiner Gollamudi S. Kishore, Ph.D | Art Unit 1615 |  |
| <i>-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --</i> | | | |
| <p>Period for Reply</p> <p>A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>three</u> MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | |
| <p>Status</p> <p>1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Aug 30, 2001</u></p> <p>2a) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This action is FINAL. 2b) <input type="checkbox"/> This action is non-final.</p> <p>3) <input type="checkbox"/> Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.</p> | | | |
| <p>Disposition of Claims</p> <p>4) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.</p> <p>4a) Of the above, claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.</p> <p>5) <input type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.</p> <p>6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.</p> <p>7) <input type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.</p> <p>8) <input type="checkbox"/> Claims _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</p> | | | |
| <p>Application Papers</p> <p>9) <input type="checkbox"/> The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</p> <p>10) <input type="checkbox"/> The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are objected to by the Examiner.</p> <p>11) <input type="checkbox"/> The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) <input type="checkbox"/> approved b) <input type="checkbox"/> disapproved.</p> <p>12) <input type="checkbox"/> The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.</p> | | | |
| <p>Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119</p> <p>13) <input type="checkbox"/> Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).</p> <p>a) <input type="checkbox"/> All b) <input type="checkbox"/> Some* c) <input type="checkbox"/> None of:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____. 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | |
| <p>*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</p> | | | |
| <p>14) <input type="checkbox"/> Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).</p> | | | |
| <p>Attachment(s)</p> <p>15) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 18) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____</p> <p>16) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 19) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)</p> <p>17) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). _____ 20) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____</p> | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

The request for the extension of time and amendment filed on 8-30-01 are acknowledged.

Claims included in the prosecution are 1-21.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102

that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by

Mislick et al (Bioconjugate Chemistry, 1995) of record.

Mislick teaches the delivery of folate-polylysine-DNA complexes to carcinoma cell cultures (note the entire publication).

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive. Applicant recites four elements in instant claims and argues that Mislick is lacking in element 3 in the method claim and 4 in the composition claims. According to applicant the four requirements are 1) carrier; 2) folate ligand attached to the carrier; 3)therapeutic compound; 4) the composition is effective to achieve accumulation of the therapeutic compound in the cell in an amount to be cytotoxic. Applicant is incorrect: the reference teaches DNA (therapeutic drug) and Mislick's compositions are administered to

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the carcinoma cells and applicant has not established that the amounts of DNA delivered are not cytotoxic to the carcinoma cells.

3. Claims 1-2 and 4-14, and 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lee et al, (BBA, 1995) of record.

Lee discloses folate-PEG-DSPE liposomes which contain doxorubicin and administration of this composition to several carcinoma cell lines (note the abstract).

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive. Applicant once again argues that Lee lacks element 3 in method claim and element 4 in the composition claims. These arguments have not been found to be persuasive since Lee doxorubin (therapeutic agent; the same one recited in instant claims 12 and 21) associated with the carrier (liposome) and applicant has not established that the amounts of doxorubicin taught by Lee are not cytotoxic amounts.

4. Claims 1-2 and 4-14, and 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Goren (1997) or Horowitz (1997) of record.

Both Goren and Horowitz teach the administration of folate-DSPE-liposomes containing doxorubicin to carcinoma cell lines (note the entire publications).

Applicant's arguments are similar to those put forward for the above rejections and therefore, the same reasoning is applicable.

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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5. Claims 1-3 and 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being

anticipated by Brasier (5,804,445).

Brasier discloses compositions containing a polypeptide therapeutic agent formulated with folate-conjugated bovine serum albumin (note the abstract, col. 2, lines 23-30 and claim 21).

Applicant's arguments are similar to those put forward for the above rejections and therefore, the same reasoning is applicable. Applicant is incorrect in stating that Brasier's compositions are meant for the treatment of asthma. Brasier teaches virus induced cancers and skin carcinomas (note columns 11 and 20).

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 1-2, 4-14, and 16-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee et al (BBA) or Goren (1997) or Horowitz (1997) of record cited above.

Lee, Goren and Horowitz do not specifically teach in vivo administration of the composition for the treatment of neoplastic diseases. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to administer the composition in vivo, with a reasonable

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expectation of success, based on the in vitro studies of the prior art. Although Lee, Goren, and Horowitz do not teach other therapeutic agents, it is deemed obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use any therapeutic drug with the expectation of obtaining similar results.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive. Applicant argues that none of the references teach or suggest that the administration of a folate targeted drug conjugate would be effective to achieve accumulation of the drug in MDR cells. This argument is not found to be persuasive since these references are clearly suggestive of folate mediated targeting of the same claimed drugs and therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to extrapolate the studies to in vivo situations with a reasonable expectation of success.

8. Claims 1-3, and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mislick or Brasier cited above, in view of Lee et al (BBA) or Goren (1997) or Horowitz (1997) of record cited above individually or in combination.

Mislick, and Brasier teach nucleic acid as the active agent in the folate conjugates and not instant therapeutic agents. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use any therapeutic agent since that depends on the nature of the disease.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive. Applicant once again argues that none of the references teach or suggest that the administration of a folate targeted drug conjugate would be effective to achieve

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accumulation of the drug in MDR cells. This argument is not found to be persuasive since these references are clearly suggestive of folate mediated targeting of the anti-neoplastic drugs and therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to extrapolate the studies to in vivo situations with a reasonable expectation of success.

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to *G.S. Kishore* whose telephone number is (703) 308-2440.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30 A.M. to 4:00 P.M. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, T.K. Page, can be reached on (703)308-2927. The fax phone number for this Group is (703)305-3592.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [thurman.page@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

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**Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should
be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-1235.**



Gollamudi S. Kishore, Ph. D

Primary Examiner

Group 1600

gsk

November 8, 2001